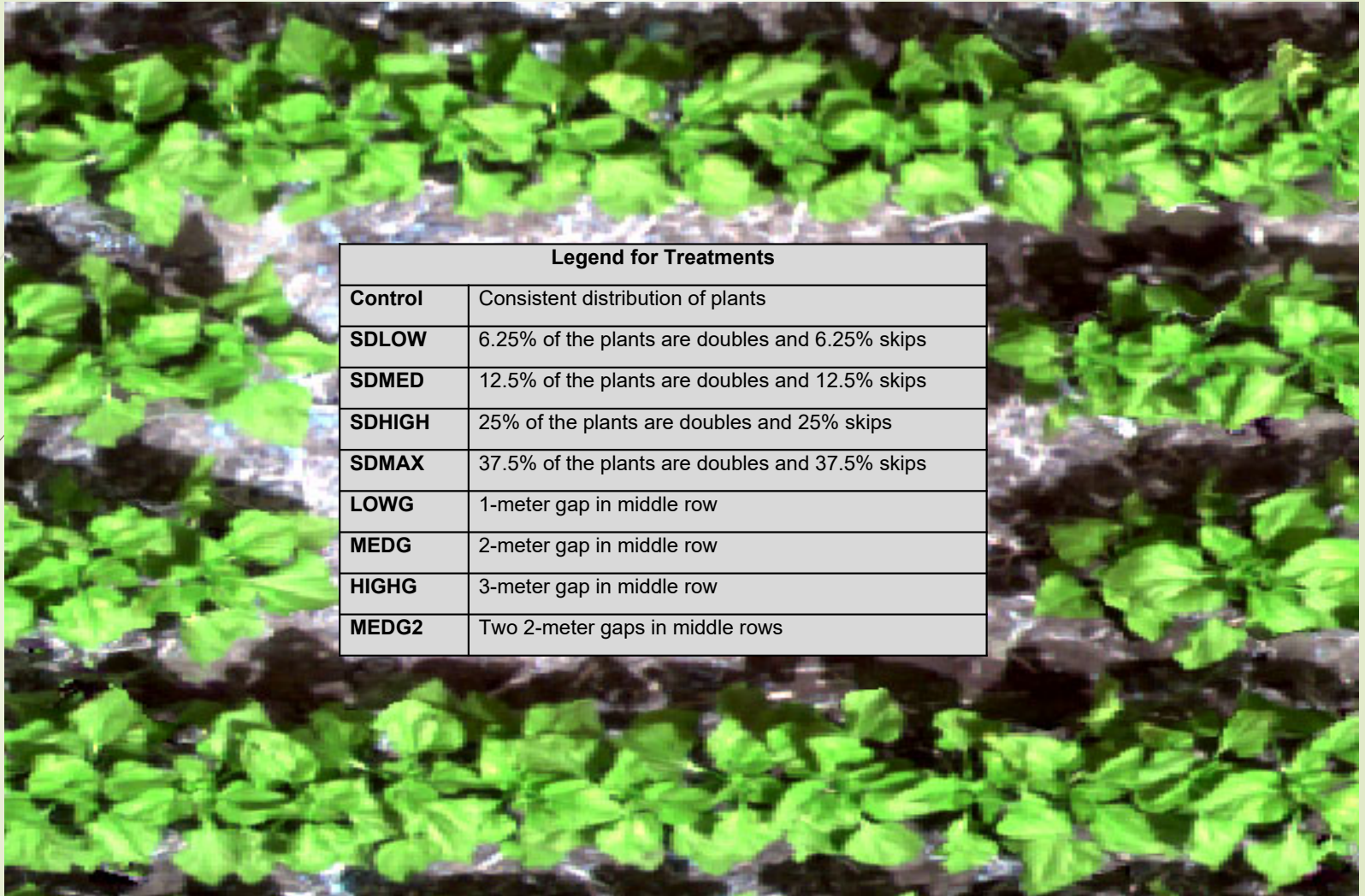


Impacts of Within-row Plant Spacing (Doubles, Skips, and Gaps) Given Consistent Population of Oilseed and Confection Sunflower (*Helianthus annuus* L.) with Phenotyping Using UAV Based Remote Sensing



Legend for Treatments

Control	Consistent distribution of plants
SDLOW	6.25% of the plants are doubles and 6.25% skips
SDMED	12.5% of the plants are doubles and 12.5% skips
SDHIGH	25% of the plants are doubles and 25% skips
SDMAX	37.5% of the plants are doubles and 37.5% skips
LOWG	1-meter gap in middle row
MEDG	2-meter gap in middle row
HIGHG	3-meter gap in middle row
MEDG2	Two 2-meter gaps in middle rows

Yield 2019

- Confection yield n/s
- Texas Oilseed treatments were significant
- Unclear how the treatments impact yield

2019 Texas Oilseed Yield		
Treat	Mean	
SDMED	2833.3	A
SDHIGH	2686.8	AB
MEDG	2558.1	ABC
SDMAX	2541.2	BC
Control	2374.8	C
HIGHG	2313.4	C

Common letters indicate that treatments are not significantly different.

CV = 7.36
LSD = 283

Oilseed Quality

- Only significant at the Texas location
- Most likely not related to treatments

Oil % in Texas Oilseed		
Treatment	Mean	
MEDG	41.5986	A
SDHIGH	41.5546	A
Control	40.0464	B
SDMAX	40.0152	B
HIGHG	39.7328	B
SDMED	39.6413	B

Common letters indicate that treatments are not significantly different.

LSD = 0.9201

Confection Quality

- Seed size might attribute to yield compensation
- MEDG and HIGHG have fewer plants the rest of the treatments listed

2019 Least Square Means Confection Seed Size 22/64		
Treatment	Mean	
SDMED	0.58907	A
Control	0.61995	AB
SDMAX	0.63536	AB
SDHIGH	0.64134	AB
MEDG	0.68029	B
HIGHG	0.68871	B

Common letters indicate that treatments are not significantly different

CV = 9.58
LSD = 0.0738

Yield 2020

- MEDG2 is lower than the control
- No strong impact on yield

2020 MN Confection Yield		
Treatment	Mean	
Control	2104.4	A
LOWG	2064.7	AB
SDHIGH	2015.8	AB
SDMAX	2008.9	AB
HIGHG	2000.1	AB
SDLOW	1959.3	AB
MEDG	1956.3	AB
SDMED	1948.2	AB
MEDG2	1844.1	B

Common letters indicate that treatments are not significantly different

CV = 7.61
LSD = 220.88

Confection Quality

- Only significant for the 24/64 size at the MN location
- Further analysis with the TX data is needed
- Seed samples from 2019 and 2020 will be analyzed with image J as well

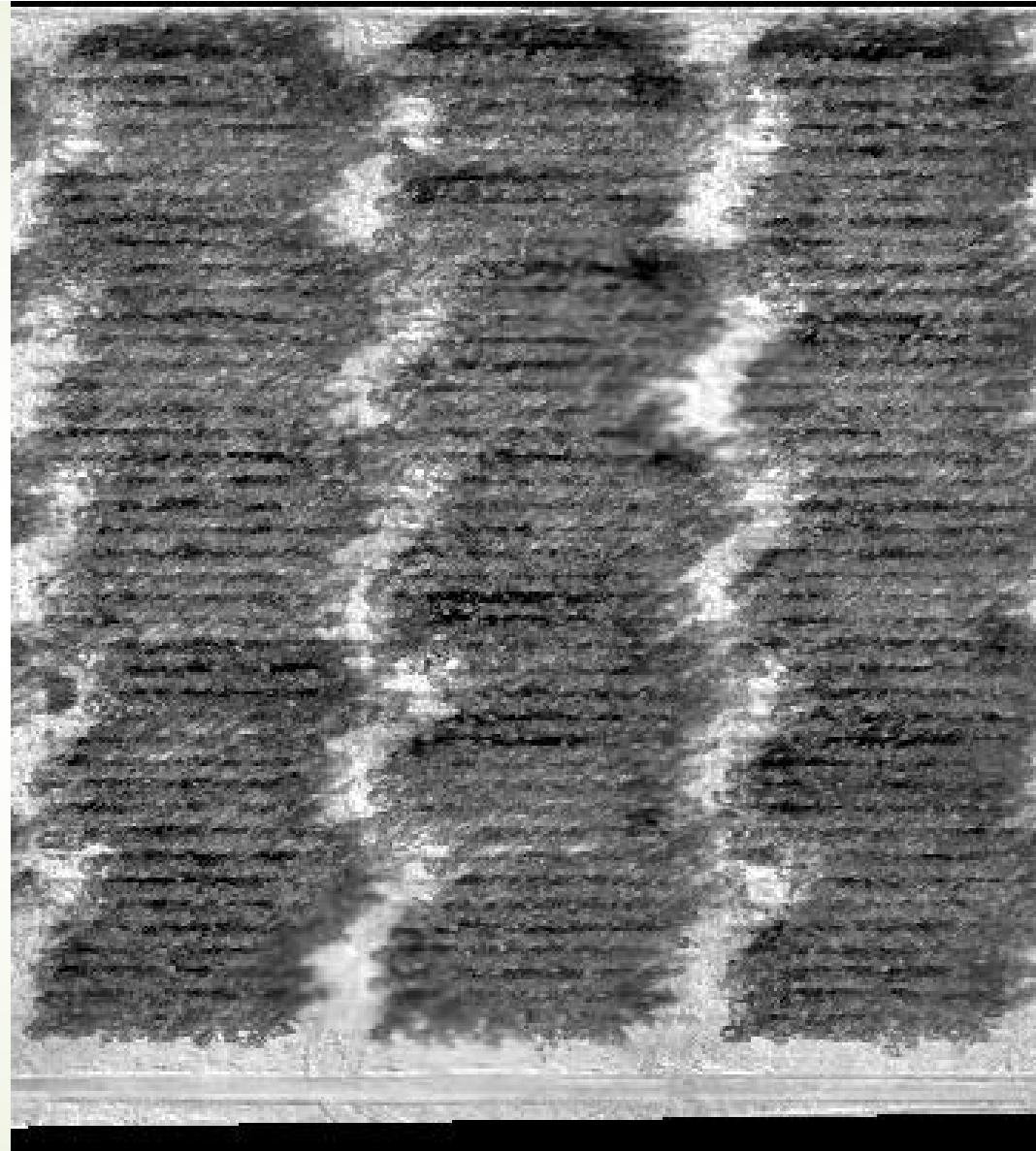
2020 Confection 24/64		
Treatment	Mean	
MEDG2	0.08018	A
SDMED	0.06279	AB
LOWG	0.05638	B
Control	0.05611	B
HIGHG	0.05442	B
SDHIGH	0.05037	BC
SDMAX	0.04948	BC
SDLOW	0.0454	BC
MEDG	0.02769	C

Common letters indicate that treatments are not significantly different.

CV = 7.61
LSD = 0.0237

Remote Sensing

- ▶ Emergence
- ▶ Maturity
- ▶ Thermal

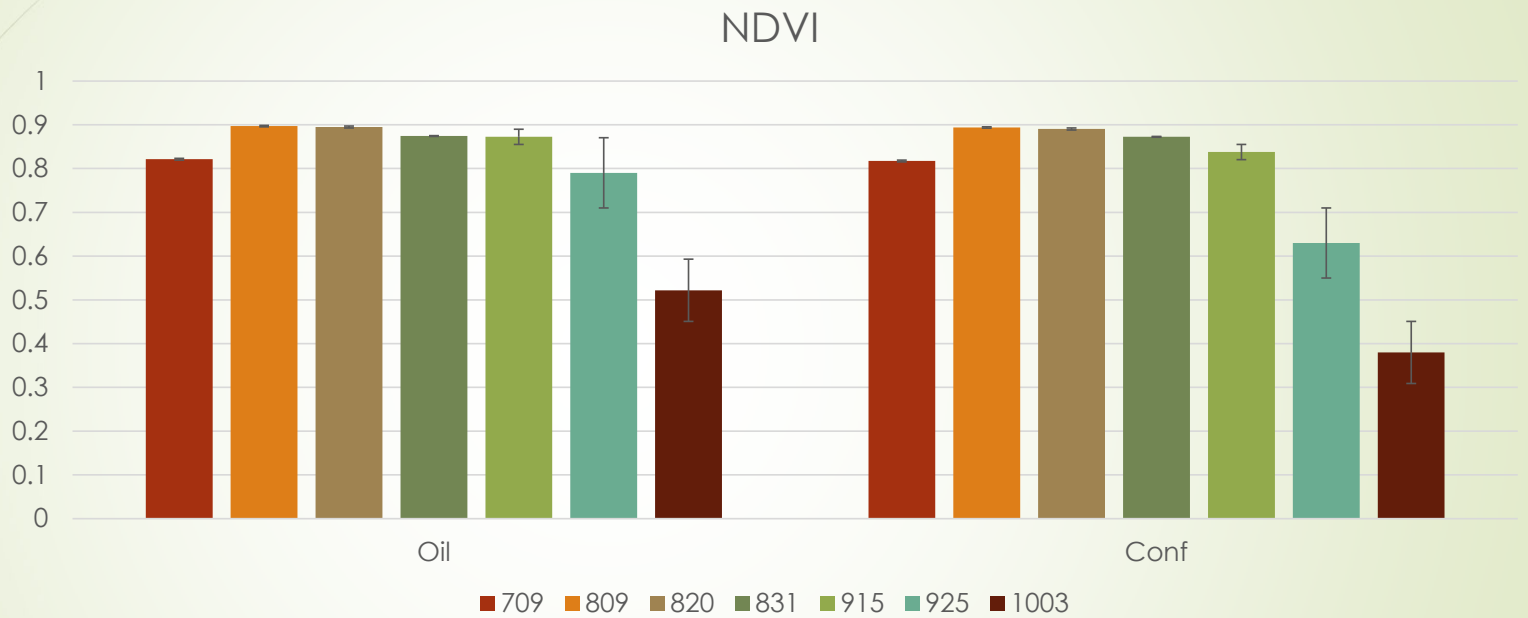


Emergence

- High winds and rain prevented drone imagery of emergence this year
- Time-lapse cameras are viable for backup data collection and ground truthing

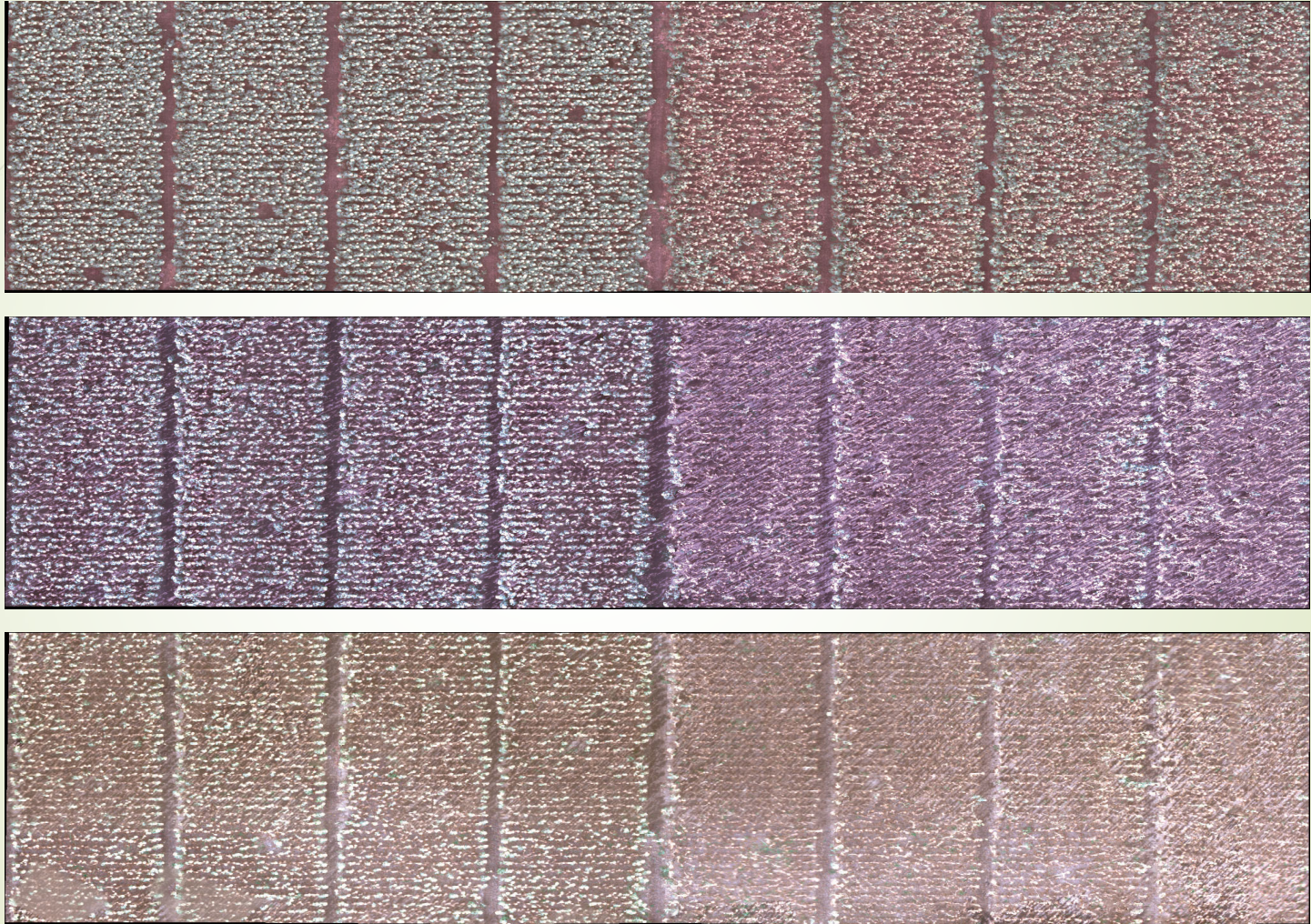


Maturity



- NDVI does drop as crop matures
- Will be compared against a chlorophyll index

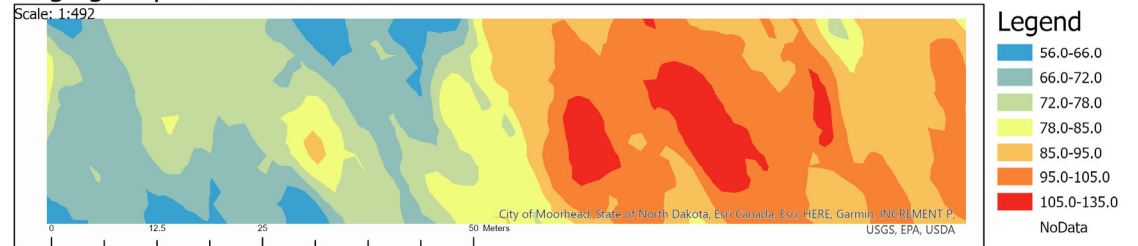
Top to bottom, 915, 925, 1003



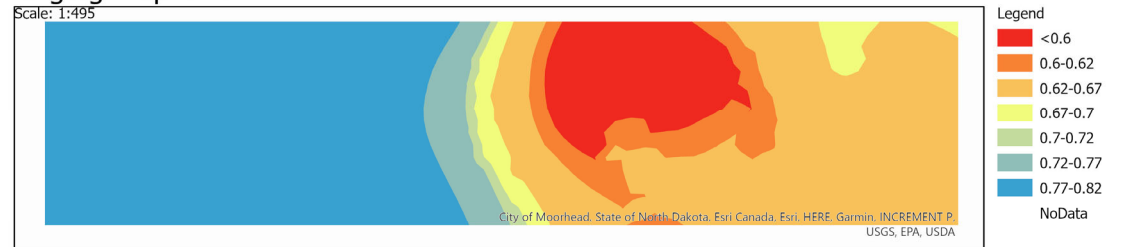
Thermal

- Everything is related to everything else, but near things are more related than distant things. - Waldo Tobler
- Left half of the field is oilseed. Right half is confection
- Thermal and NDVI values are taken from drone imagery
- Disease incidence was noted for middle rows prior to harvest and provides QA/QC
- NDVI appears to be less sensitive than thermal imagery
- Potential confounding factors; leaf drop, early maturity, and grouping confection
- Will be repeated with a radiometric thermal camera next season

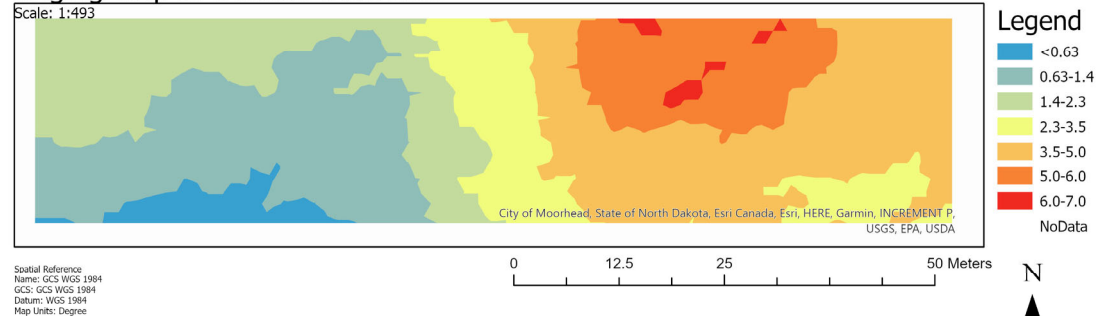
Kriging map of Thermal values



Kriging map of NDVI



Kriging map of Disease Incidence





Thank you!

National Sunflower
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Brent Hulke

Calvin Trostle

Ron Meyer

Brady Koehler

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Andre Gossweiler

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