Management of Sclerotinia Head Rot with Fungicides: Fungicide Efficacy, Residual, Application Timing, and Application Methods



Michael Wunsch, Jesse Hafner, Billy Kraft and Suanne Kallis NDSU Carrington Research Extension Center

Kelly Cooper, Leonard Besemann, and Heidi Eslinger NDSU Robert Titus Research Farm, Oakes

Methods Fungicide applications

- Spray volume: 15 gal/ac
- Driving speed: 2.6 mph
- **Nozzles:** Spraying Systems TeeJet
- **Drop nozzles:** 360 Undercover (360 Yield Center; Morton, IL)
- Pulse-width modulation system from Capstan AG
- Nozzle placement:
 - <u>Boom-mounted nozzles</u>: boom set 20" above canopy
 - <u>Drop nozzles</u>: nozzles centered on mid-point of heads

Methods Disease establishment

- Pathogen inoculation:
 - Carrington single inculation (22,500 ascospores/head)
 - Oakes two inoculations (30,000 ascospores/head)
- Overhead irrigation:
 - micro-sprinkler irrigation mist systems
 - intensively irrigation at R5 and R6 growth stages
 - moderate irrigation at R7 growth stage

Fungicide Efficacy Oakes, ND: sunflowers at average **R5.4** growth stage



Spray nozzles, application pressure:

<u>Drop nozzle</u>: XR11002 (flat-fan) nozzles on side ports; 40 psi

Fungicide Efficacy Carrington, ND: sunflowers at average R5.5 growth stage



2. Sunflower heads inoculated with ascospores of Sclerotinia sclerotiorum 7 days after fungicides were applied



Carrington, ND: sunflowers at average **R5.7** growth stage

Spray nozzles, application pressure:

- Drop nozzle: XR11002 (flat-fan) nozzles, side ports; 40 psi
- <u>Boom-mounted nozzles</u>: XR11002 (flat-fan) nozzles; 40 psi

Sclerotinia Head Rot Severity Index Percent of sunflower

Rust Severity

Sunflower Yield

Percent of sunflower head tissue diseased Percent of leaf area covered by rust pustules;

10% moisture

Oct. 16 | R9 growth stage Sept. 25 | R7/R8 gr. stage pounds / acre

1. Sunflower heads inoculated with ascospores of Sclerotinia sclerotiorum 2 days after fungicides were applied



2. Sunflower heads inoculated with ascospores of Sclerotinia sclerotiorum 7 days after fungicides were applied



Fungicide Efficacy

Carrington, ND: sunflowers at average R5.9 growth stage



Spray nozzles, application pressure:

- Drop nozzle: XR11002 (flat-fan) nozzles, side ports; 40 psi
- Boom-mounted nozzles: XR11002 (flat-fan) nozzles; 40 psi

Fungicide Efficacy

Carrington, ND: sunflowers at average R5.9 growth stage



Spray nozzles, application pressure:

• XR11002 (flat-fan) nozzles, side ports of drop nozzle; 40 psi

Fungicide: Proline 480SC 5.7 fl oz/ac + Silkin (NIS) 0.25 % v/v

Impact of adjuvants

Sunflowers at average R5.4 growth stage (Oakes), R5.5 (Carrington)

Sclerotinia head rot:



Non-treated control

No Adjuvant

Masterlock

6.4 fl oz/ac

Silkin (NIS) 0.25% v/v

Spray nozzles, application pressure:

- <u>Carrington</u>: XR11002 (flat-fan) nozzles, side ports of crop nozzle; 40 psi
- Oakes: XR11001 (flat-fan) nozzles, side ports of crop nozzle; 40 psi

Fungicide: Proline 480SC 5.7 fl oz/ac

Inoculated: 3 days after fungicides applied (Carrington) 2 and 3 days after fungicides applied (Oakes)

Impact of adjuvants

Sunflowers at average R5.4 growth stage (Oakes), R5.5 (Carrington)



Spray nozzles, application pressure:

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Carrington: XR11002 (flat-fan) nozzles, side ports of crop nozzle; 40 psi

Oakes: XR11001 (flat-fan) nozzles, side ports of crop nozzle; 40 psi

Fungicide: Proline 480SC 5.7 fl oz/ac

Inoculated: 3 days after fungicides applied (Carrington) 2 and 3 days after fungicides applied (Oakes)

Impact of adjuvants

Sunflowers at average R5.4 growth stage (Oakes), R5.5 (Carrington)



Spray nozzles, application pressure:

- <u>Carrington</u>: XR11002 (flat-fan) nozzles, side ports of crop nozzle; 40 psi
- <u>Oakes</u>: XR11001 (flat-fan) nozzles, side ports of crop nozzle; 40 psi

Fungicide: Proline 480SC 5.7 fl oz/ac

Inoculated: 3 days after fungicides applied (Carrington) 2 and 3 days after fungicides applied (Oakes)

Impact of application method Sunflowers at average **R5.4** growth stage (Oakes), **R5.5** (Carrington)

Sclerotinia head rot:

Fungicide

Proline 480SC 5.7 fl oz/ac + Silkin (NIS) 0.25% v/v

Inoculation

Carrington: 3 days after fungicide application Oakes: 2 and 3 days after fungicide application

Non-treated control

BOOM-MOUNTED NOZZLES XR11002VS, 40 psi

XR11002VS (side ports), 40 psi

XR11001VS (side ports), 40 psi

XR11001VS (side ports), 70 psi

ROP NOZZLE XR11001VS (side ports) + TX-VK3 (lower rear port), 40 psi

TX-VK6 (side ports), 40 psi

TJ60-11002 (side ports), 40 psi

Carrington Oct. 19 | R9 % severity index 32 19 20 24 14 19 21 19 CV: 33.5

Oakes Oct. 10 | R9 % severity index 74 b а 74 ab а 71 ab а 61 ab а 65 a а 75 ab а

NOT EVALUATED

NOT EVALUATED

CV: 13.9

ab

ab

Impact of application method

Sunflowers at average R5.4 growth stage (Oakes), R5.5 (Carrington)

Rust:

Fungicide

Proline 480SC 5.7 fl oz/ac + Silkin (NIS) 0.25% v/v

Inoculation

Carrington: 3 days after fungicide application Oakes: 2 and 3 days after fungicide application

Non-treated control

BOOM-MOUNTED NOZZLES XR11002VS, 40 psi

XR11002VS (side ports), 40 psi XR11001VS (side ports), 40 psi

XR11001VS (side ports), 70 psi

JROP NOZZLE XR11001VS (side ports) + TX-VK3 (lower rear port), 40 ps

TX-VK6 (side ports), 40 psi

TJ60-11002 (side ports), 40 psi

	Carrington Sept. 20 R7
	% severity
	5.2
	0.6
	1.0
1000 V	0.7
10 COM	0.1
i	0.1
	0.1
	0.1
	CV: 95.1

Oakes

Sept. 7 | R7 % severity

1			1.1
	b	3.45	b
	а	0.21	а
	а	0.02	а
	а	0.02	а
	а	0.16	а
	а	0.06	а
	а	NOT EVALUATED	
	а	NOT EVALUATED	
l		CV: 69.2	

Impact of application method Sunflowers at average **R5.4** growth stage (Oakes), **R5.5** (Carrington)

Carrington

Fungicide

Proline 480SC 5.7 fl oz/ac + Silkin (NIS) 0.25% v/v

Inoculation

Carrington: 3 days after fungicide application Oakes: 2 and 3 days after fungicide application

Non-treated control

BOOM-MOUNTED NOZZLES XR11002VS, 40 psi

XR11002VS (side ports), 40 psi

XR11001VS (side ports), 40 psi

XR11001VS (side ports), 70 psi

ROP NOZZLE XR11001VS (side ports) + TX-VK3 (lower rear port), 40 ps

TX-VK6 (side ports), 40 psi

TJ60-11002 (side ports), 40 psi

Yield:

	10% moistu pounds/acre	re Ə	
	1477		
	2235		
i	2068		
i	2223		
i	2404		
i	2251		
	2156		
	2193		
	CV: 12.4		

Oakes

10% moisture pounds/acre



Conclusions Field trials conducted in 2017

- Fungicide efficacy:
 - Proline was best, but performance was inconsistent
- Fungicide residual:
 - Residual activity < 7 days with the fungicides tested
- Adjuvants:
 - Use of a NIS improves fungicide efficacy vs. head rot
- Application methods:
 - For applications via drop nozzles, flat-fan nozzles delivering very fine droplets may be optimal

- Funding obtained for one more year of field trials
- Fungicide efficacy:
 - Attempt to test new experimental products
- Fungicide residual:
 - Inoculate 1, 4, and 7 days after fungicides applied
- Application timing:
 - Target average R5.1, R5.3, and R5.5 growth stage
- Application methods:
 - Test different methods of obtaining very fine droplets