### Late Seeded Sunflower Performance

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# Reasons for Late Planting

- Late spring
  - Cool season crops planted first
  - Warm season crops generally wait to be planted second
- Field conditions
  - Extended precipitation
  - Dry, wait for precipitation
- Equipment breakdowns
- Scheduling custom applications
- Replanting because of crop injury





## **Previous Late Planting Studies ND**

- Schneiter and Hussain 1990
  - Carrington and Prosper
  - Planting dates early, mid, late June and 15 July
  - Dwarf, semidwarf, and conventional oilseed hybrids
- Ashley, Eriksmoen, and Whitney 2002
  - Bowman
  - Planting dates late April to mid June
  - NuSun

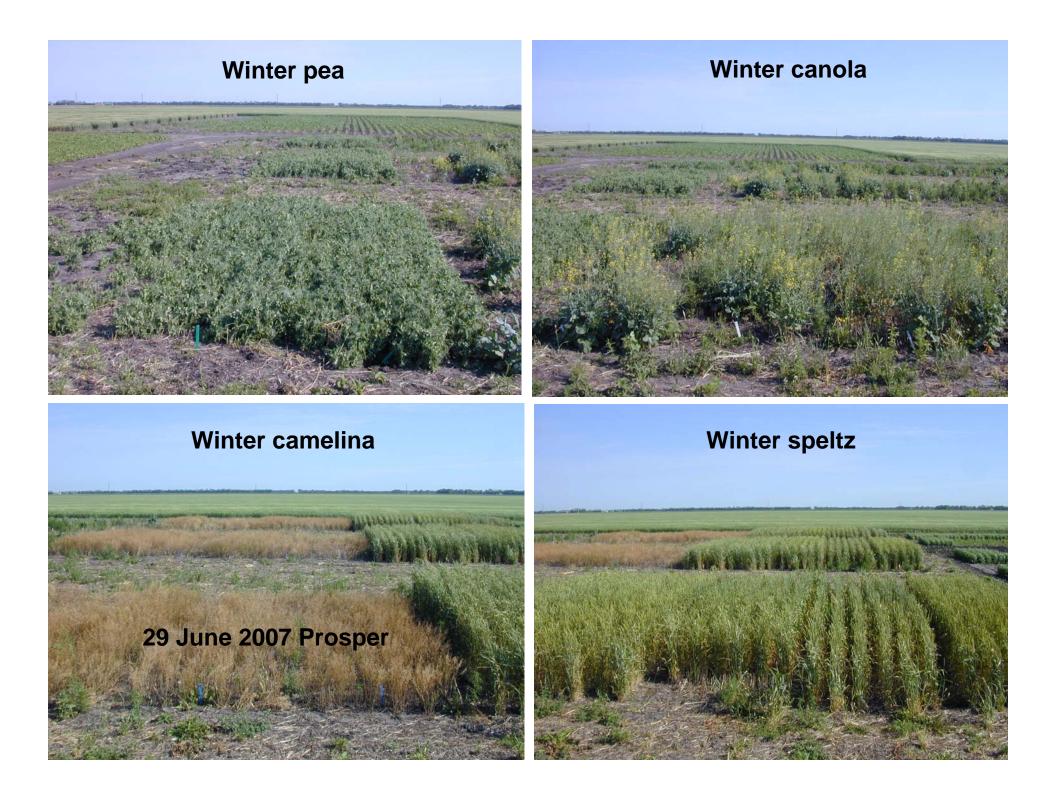


#### RCBD with four replicates

- Prosper, ND
- Mycogen 8N272
- 22,000 plants / acre
- Planting dates
  - 29 June
  - -6 July
  - 13 July

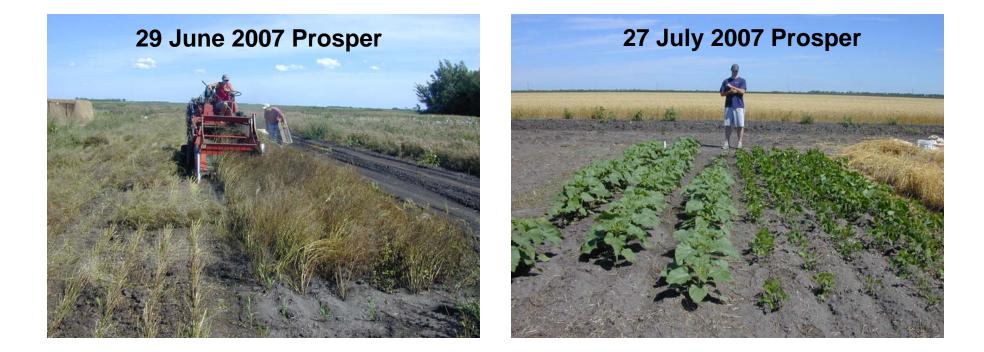


Prosper



### Reasons for late planting (cont.)

 Double crop – Winter camelina followed by sunflower and soybean





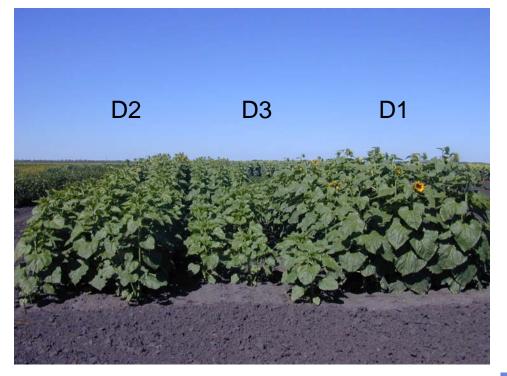
#### **Planting date**

#### D1 = 29 June

25 August 2007 Double crop

26 Sept. 2007 Double crop



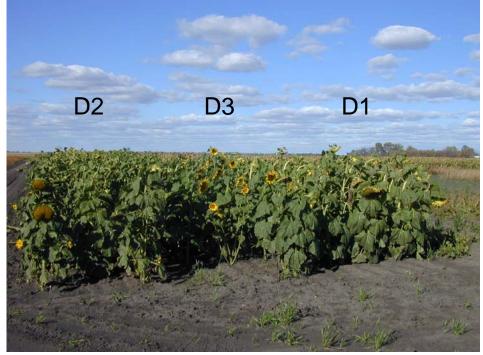


#### **Planting dates**

D1 = 29 June D2 = 6 July D3 = 13 July

25 August 2007 Sole crop

26 Sept. 2007 Sole crop









D3 Killing frost on Oct. 27 @ 22 °F



Mean flowering date and yield (lb/A) for Mygogen 8N272 at three planting dates and two cropping systems.

		Planting	Flower	Seed
-		date	R5.1	yield
No. The second second second	Sole	29 June	27 Aug.	2100
	Sole	6 July	7 Sept.	1740
	Sole	13 July	23 Sept.	+
	Double			
40 W	crop	29 June	27 Aug.	1850

† stands compromised by rabbits







## Summary

- Planting in early July with an early hybrid (Sole) gave good yield performance
- Double cropping an early hybrid after winter camelina (planting 29 June) gave good yield performance
- Other short season crops may also show potential for double cropping after

winter camelina





